Embracing Diversity: Exploring Gender and Sexual Orientations

thelifeofmine3.wordpress.com/2023/09/01/4842/

September 1, 2023

Sexual orientation is the consistent pattern of emotional, romantic, and/or sexual attraction a person feels towards men, women, or both. It also includes a person's sense of identity based on these attractions, associated behaviors, and involvement in a community with similar attractions and behaviors. Transgender individuals have a gender identity or expression that differs from the sex they were assigned at birth. Some people who do not identify strictly as men or women use terms like "gender nonbinary" or "genderqueer." Gender identity and sexual orientation are distinct aspects of a person's identity and are not the same. Children can recognize their gender between the ages of 3 to 5, and people may also come to understand their sexual orientation as they grow older.

ChatGPT

An frequently permanent pattern of emotional, romantic, and/or sexual attraction to men, women, or both is known as sexual orientation. A person's sense of personal and social identity based on these attractions, associated behaviours, and participation in a group of people who share these attractions and behaviours is also referred to by this phrase. Those whose gender identity or gender expression does not correspond to that which is normally linked with the sex to which they were assigned at birth are referred to as transgender. Many people who don't identify as either men or women prefer the terms "gender nonbinary" or "genderqueer." Gender identity and sexual orientation are two different facets of who a person is; they are not interchangeable. Children can identify their gender at the ages of 3 to 5, and as adults get older, they may also identify their sexual orientation.ChatGPT

You've provided a comprehensive explanation of

Parapharse ChatGPT

Sexual orientation is the consistent pattern of emotional, romantic, and/or sexual attraction a person feels towards men, women, or both. It also includes a person's sense of identity based on these attractions, associated behaviors, and involvement in a community with similar attractions and behaviors. Transgender individuals have a gender identity or expression that differs from the sex they were assigned at birth. Some people who do not identify strictly as men or women use terms like "gender nonbinary" or "genderqueer." Gender identity and sexual orientation are distinct aspects of a person's identity and are not the same. Children can recognize their gender between the ages of 3 to 5, and people may also come to understand their sexual orientation as they grow older.

2/2

Based on Sexual Orientation Based on Gender Identity/Expression LesbianGay Bisexual 2/Two-Spirit Queer Questioning Intersex Asexual Pansexual + Agender + Bigender + Genderqueer + Gender Variant + Nonbinary + Pangender + Transgender + Transsexual ChatGPT

Here are the terms grouped based on sexual orientation and gender identity/expression:

Sexual Orientation:

- Lesbian
- Gay
- Bisexual
- Queer
- Questioning
- Asexual
- Pansexual

Gender Identity/Expression:

- Two-Spirit
- Intersex
- Agender
- Bigender
- Genderqueer
- Gender Variant
- Nonbinary
- Pangender
- Transgender
- Transsexual

Here are the definitions for various gender identities:

- **Anesigender**: Feeling like one gender but being more comfortable identifying as another.
- **Angenital**: Wanting to be without primary sexual characteristics, without necessarily being genderless; one can identify as any other gender alongside.
- **Anogender**: A gender that fades in and out but always returns to the same feeling.
- **Anongender**: A gender that is unknown to both oneself and others.
- **Antegender**: A protean gender with the potential to be anything, but is formless and motionless, thus not manifesting as any particular gender.
- **Anxiegender**: A gender that is influenced by anxiety.
- **Apagender**: Feeling apathetic towards one's gender, leading to a lack of exploration.
- **Apconsugender**: Knowing what one's gender isn't, but not knowing what it is; the gender is hiding itself.
- **Astergender**: A gender that feels bright and celestial.
- **Astralgender**: A gender that feels connected to space.

- **Autigender**: A gender that can only be understood in the context of being autistic.
- **Autogender**: A gender experience that is deeply personal to oneself.
- **Axigender**: Experiencing two genders at opposite ends of an axis; one being agender and the other any other gender, experienced one at a time with very short transition periods.
- **Bigender**: The feeling of having two genders, either simultaneously or separately; often describes feeling “traditionally male” and “traditionally female,” but doesn’t have to.
- **Biogender**: A gender that feels connected to nature in some way.
- **Blurgender**: The feeling of having multiple genders that are blurred together to the point of being indistinguishable or unidentifiable; synonymous with genderfuzz.
- **Boyflux**: Feeling mostly or entirely male most of the time, with fluctuating intensity of male identity.
- **Burstgender**: A gender that comes in intense bursts of feeling and quickly fades back to the original state.
- **Caelgender**: A gender that shares qualities with outer space or has the aesthetic of space, stars, nebulas, etc.
- **Cassgender**: The feeling that gender is unimportant to you.
- **Cassflux**: When the level of indifference towards your gender fluctuates.
- **Cavusgender**: For people with depression; feeling one gender when not depressed and another when depressed.
- **Cendgender**: When your gender changes between one and its opposite.
- **Ceterofluid**: Being ceterogender with fluctuating feelings between masculine, feminine, and neutral.
- **Ceterogender**: A nonbinary gender with specific masculine, feminine, or neutral feelings.
- **Cisgender**: The feeling of being the gender you were assigned at birth all the time.
- **Cloudgender**: A gender that cannot be fully realized or seen clearly due to depersonalization/derealization disorder.
- **Collgender**: Having too many genders simultaneously to describe each one.
- **Colorgender**: A gender associated with one or more colors and the feelings, hues, emotions, and/or objects related to those colors.
- **Commogender**: Knowing you aren’t cisgender but settling with your assigned gender for the time being.
- **Condigender**: A gender that is only felt during certain circumstances.
- **Deliciagender**: From the Latin word *delicia* meaning “favorite”; having more than one simultaneous gender yet preferring one that fits better.
- **Demifluid**: The feeling of your gender being fluid throughout all the demigenders; experiencing multiple genders, some static and some fluid.
- **DiDoDi**: A gender that gives fellatio to jackasses only if the “member” attached to the jackass is diseased.
- **Domgender**: Having more than one gender, with one being more dominant than the others.

- **Duragender**: From the Latin word *dura* meaning “long-lasting”; a multigender experience where one gender is more identifiable, long-lasting, and prominent than the others.
- **Egogender**: A gender so personal to your experience that it can only be described as “you.”
- **Epicene**: Sometimes synonymous with “androgynous”; feeling like you have or do not display characteristics of both or either binary gender; can also describe feminine male-identifying individuals.
- **Espigender**: A gender related to being a spirit or existing on a higher or extradimensional plane.
- **Exgender**: The outright refusal to accept or identify with any gender on or around the gender spectrum.
- **Existigender**: A gender that only exists or feels present when actively thought about or when a conscious effort is made to notice it.
- **Femfluid**: Having fluctuating or fluid gender feelings that are limited to feminine genders.
- **Femgender**: A nonbinary gender that is feminine in nature.
- **Fluidflux**: The experience of being fluid between two or more genders that also fluctuate in intensity; a combination of genderfluid and genderflux.
- **Gemigender**: Having two opposite genders that work together, being fluid and fluctuating together.
- **Genderblank**: A gender that can only be described as a blank space; when gender is questioned, all that comes to mind is a blank space.
- **Genderflow**: A gender that is fluid between infinite feelings.
- **Genderfluid**: The experience of fluidity within gender identity; feeling a different gender as time passes or as situations change; not restricted to any number of genders.
- **Genderflux**: The feeling of your gender fluctuating in intensity; like genderfluidity but between one gender and agender.
- **Genderfuzz**: The feeling of having multiple genders that are blurred together to the point of being indistinguishable; synonymous with blurgender.
- **Gender Neutral**: The feeling of having a neutral gender, either somewhere between masculine and feminine or as a third gender separate from the binary; often paired with neutrois.
- **Genderpunk**: A gender identity that actively resists gender norms.
- **Genderqueer**: Originally used as an umbrella term for nonbinary identities; can also describe a specific nonbinary gender, regardless of masculine or feminine leanings.
- **Genderwitched**: Being intrigued or entranced by the idea of a particular gender but not being sure if one is actually experiencing it.
- **Girlflux**: Feeling mostly or entirely female most of the time, with fluctuating intensities of female identity.
- **Glassgender**: A gender that is very sensitive and fragile.
- **Glimragender**: A faintly shining, wavering gender.
- **Greygender**: Having a gender that is mostly outside of the binary but is weak and barely felt.

- **Gyragender**: Having multiple genders but understanding none of them.
- **Healgender**: A gender that, once realized, brings a sense of peace, clarity, security, and creativity to the individual.
- **Heliogender**: A gender that is warm and burning.
- **Hemigender**: A gender that is half one gender and half something else; one or both halves may be identifiable genders.
- **Horogender**: A gender that changes over time while maintaining a core feeling of consistency.
- **Hydrogender**: A gender that shares qualities with water.
- **Imperigender**: A fluid gender that can be controlled by the individual.
- **Intergender**: A gender that falls somewhere on the spectrum between masculine and feminine; note that this is distinct from intersex.
- **Juxera**: A feminine gender similar to “girl,” but existing on a separate plane and distinct from it.
- **Libragender**: A gender that feels agender but has a strong connection to another gender.
- **Magigender**: A gender that is mostly one gender, with the rest being something else.
- **Mascfluid**: A gender that is fluid in nature but restricted to masculine genders.
- **Mascgender**: A non-binary gender that is masculine in nature.
- **Maverique**: A gender that is separate from masculinity, femininity, and neutrality, but is not agender; a form of a third gender.
- **Mirrorgender**: A gender that changes to fit the people around you.
- **Molligender**: A gender that is soft, subtle, and subdued.
- **Multigender**: The experience of having more than one simultaneous or fluctuating gender; can overlap with multigender and omnigender.
- **Nanogender**: Feeling a small part of one gender, with the rest being something else.
- **Neutrois**: The feeling of having a neutral gender; sometimes associated with a lack of gender that leads to a feeling of neutrality.
- **Nonbinary**: Originally an umbrella term for any gender outside the binary of male and female; can be used as an individual identity and is sometimes used alongside genderqueer.
- **Omnigender**: The experience of having more than one simultaneous or fluctuating gender; can overlap with multigender and polygender.
- **Oneirogender**: Being agender but having recurring fantasies or daydreams of being a certain gender, without experiencing dysphoria or the desire to actually be that gender day-to-day.
- **Pangender**: The feeling of having every gender; considered problematic by some communities, it is sometimes used to describe relating to all genders in some way rather than containing every gender identity. It is culturally specific.
- **Paragender**: Feeling very close to one gender but partially influenced by something else, preventing a full connection with that gender.
- **Perigender**: Identifying with gender but not as a gender; experiencing a connection to gender without fully being defined by it.

- **Polygender**: The experience of having more than one simultaneous or fluctuating gender; can overlap with multigender and omnigender.
- **Proxvir**: A masculine gender similar to “boy,” but existing on a separate plane and distinct from it.
- **Quoigender**: Feeling that the concept of gender is inapplicable or nonsensical to oneself.
- **Subgender**: Mostly identifying with one gender with a minor connection to another gender.
- **Surgender**: Having a gender that is entirely one gender but with an additional influence of another gender layered on top.
- **Systemgender**: A gender that represents the sum of all genders within a multiple or median system.
- **Tragender**: A gender that encompasses the entire spectrum of genders.
- **Transgender**: Any gender identity that transcends or does not align with the assigned gender or society’s concept of gender; experiencing any gender that does not match one’s assigned gender.
- **Trigender**: The feeling of having three simultaneous or fluctuating genders.
- **Vapogender**: When two genders overlap, creating an entirely new gender, similar to a Venn diagram.
- **Verangender**: A gender that seems to shift or change the moment it is identified.
- **Vibragender**: A gender that is usually stable but occasionally changes or fluctuates before stabilizing again.
- **Vocigender**: A gender that feels weak or hollow.

This list is not complete, as Tumblr adds that “any type of attraction can be combined with suffixes like ‘-fluid’ and ‘-flux’.” You are encouraged to mix and match different prefixes and suffixes to create an orientation that best fits your personal experience.

- **A-**: Lack of attraction.
- **Abro-**: Having an orientation or feelings about it that constantly change and cannot be pinned down.
- **Aceflux**: Similar to genderflux, where the intensity of sexual attraction fluctuates, ranging from asexual to demisexual to allosexual and back.
- **Aego-**: Feeling attraction or desire only for situations that do not involve oneself; previously known as autochoris-.
- **Akoi-**: Feeling attraction but not wanting it reciprocated, or losing attraction when it is reciprocated; an alternative to lithosexual/lithromantic.
- **Aliqua-**: Not normally feeling attraction but experiencing it on occasion under specific circumstances.
- **Amicus-**: Being attracted to people you are platonically attracted to.
- **Amorplatonic**: Experiencing romantic attraction but only wanting to be in queerplatonic/quasiplatonic relationships.
- **Apothi-**: Being aromantic/asexual and not experiencing any romantic/sexual feelings in any shape or form; romance/sex repulsed.
- **Aromantic**: Feeling no romantic attraction regardless of gender or situation.

- **Aroflux**: Similar to genderflux, where the intensity of romantic attraction fluctuates, from aromantic to demiromantic to alloromantic and back.
- **Arospike/Acespike**: Feeling no attraction except in occasional bursts of intense attraction, then returning to no attraction.
- **Asexual**: Feeling no sexual attraction regardless of gender or situation.
- **Auto-**: The feeling of attraction only towards oneself.
- **Bellusromantic**: Interest in conventionally romantic things but not desiring a relationship; part of the aro spectrum.
- **Bi-**: The feeling of attraction towards two or more genders, generally including one's own gender and others.
- **Borea-**: Experiencing an exception to one's usual orientation.
- **Burst-**: Experiencing spikes in attraction that fade away after a while.
- **Cass-**: Feeling indifferent towards attraction and believing it is not important.
- **Cease-**: Usually being allosexual but occasionally experiencing a sudden loss of attraction before returning to normal.
- **Cetero-**: The feeling of attraction towards nonbinary people; replaces "skolio-" to avoid implications of nonbinary individuals needing to be fixed.
- **Culparomantic**: Feeling romantic and platonic attraction simultaneously.
- **Cupio-**: Experiencing no attraction towards any gender but still desiring a sexual or romantic relationship.
- **Demi-**: Not feeling attraction towards someone until a certain closeness or bond has been formed.
- **Desinoromantic**: Experiencing "liking" someone rather than full-on romantic attraction; the attraction does not progress beyond this.
- **Duo-**: Having two or more well-defined orientations that one switches between.
- **Ficto-**: Feeling a certain type of attraction only towards fictional characters.
- **Fin-**: Feeling attraction to individuals who identify as female.
- **Fray-**: Experiencing attraction only towards those who are less familiar; the feeling fades when they become closer or more familiar; the opposite of demi-.
- **Grey-**: Usually not feeling any attraction except occasionally, depending on the situation; often paired with asexual and aromantic.
- **Heteroflexible**: Mostly attracted to other genders but open to attraction from any gender.
- **Hetero-**: Attracted to a gender different from your own.
- **Homoflexible**: Mostly attracted to the same gender but open to attraction from other genders.
- **Homo-**: Attracted to your own gender.
- **Iculasexual**: Being asexual but open to having sex.
- **Idemromantic**: Categorizing others as having either platonic or romantic attraction based on external factors, yet feeling no difference in the type of attraction.
- **Kalossexual**: Desiring a sexual relationship without feeling sexual attraction; part of the ace spectrum.
- **Lamvano-**: Not desiring to engage in sexual/romantic activities with someone but wanting to be on the receiving end; opposite of placio-.

- **Lesbian**: Identifying fully or partially as a woman and attracted to other women who are also fully or partially identified as such.
- **Limno-**: Attracted to depictions of attraction (such as in writing or drawings) but not to physical acts.
- **Ma-**: Feeling attraction to men.
- **Min-**: Feeling attraction to masculine-identifying people.
- **Multi-**: Attraction to more than one gender.
- **Neu-**: Attracted to people who are genderless.
- **Nin-**: Attracted to androgynous-identifying people.
- **Nocisma-**: Attracted to everyone except cis men due to associated oppression.
- **Noma-**: Attracted to every gender except self-identifying men.
- **Novi-**: Experiencing complex or undefined attraction that is difficult to categorize.
- **Novo-**: Orientation changes with gender.
- **Nowo-**: Attracted to every gender except self-identifying women.
- **Omni-**: Lack of gender preference; potentially attracted to all genders equally; similar to pan-.
- **Pan-**: Attracted to any gender or all genders; similar to omni-.
- **Penulti-**: Attracted to every gender except your own.
- **Platoniromantic**: No distinction between platonic and romantic attraction.
- **Polar-**: Experiencing either extreme attraction or intense repulsion.
- **Poly-**: Attracted to most or several genders, but not all.
- **Pomo-**: Having no specific orientation.
- **Pre-**: A placeholder term for someone who hasn't experienced enough attraction to determine their orientation.
- **Proqua-**: Attracted to feminine people when you yourself are feminine.
- **Proquu-**: Attracted to masculine people when you yourself are masculine.
- **Queer**: Not identifying as heterosexual, but not further identifying with any conventional sexuality.
- **Quoiromantic**: Unsure if one has experienced romantic attraction, as it cannot be distinguished from platonic attraction; replaces wtfromantic due to vulgarity.
- **Recip-**: Only experiencing attraction once someone else has shown attraction to them first.
- **Requies-**: Not feeling attraction when emotionally exhausted.
- **Sans-**: Experiencing attraction without any consistent trend or pattern; it simply occurs as it does.
- **Sensu-**: An orientation based on sensuality rather than romance or sexuality; pleasure is derived from sensual acts or situations rather than romantic or sexual ones.
- **Skolio-**: Previously used to describe attraction towards nonbinary genders; replaced by **cetero-** due to problematic connotations.
- **Specio-**: Feeling attraction based on specific traits rather than gender.
- **Thym-**: Attraction that varies depending on one's emotional state.
- **Volit-**: Attraction not directed towards any particular individual.
- **Woma-**: Feeling attraction to women.

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LGBTQ+ Inclusion in Christianity…

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“Diversity is not about how we differ. Diversity is about embracing one another’s uniqueness.” – Ola Joseph